

ISMAI: Dia da Energia | May 29th , 2015 | Filipe Rodrigues

A Energética nos Edifícios de Serviços

A eficiência energética em edifícios é a resposta.
Qual é a pergunta?

Table of content



- **Future Energy Challenges**
- Solution: Smart Buildings in Smart Grids
- Evolution of Grid and Buildings towards "Smart"
- Role and Value of Smart Buildings in Smart Grids
- Technical aspects of Smart Buildings in Smart Grids
- Financial aspects of Smart Buildings in Smart Grids
- Smart Buildings in Smart Grids: competitive advantage for cities
- Q&A

What influences the market?

Growing of population



By 2025: World population will grow from more than 6 billion now to 8 billion.

Urbanization



By 2030: 60% of the world's population will live in cities.

Care for the environment



Today we face the **highest CO₂ concentration** for the past 350,000 years.

Scarcity of resources

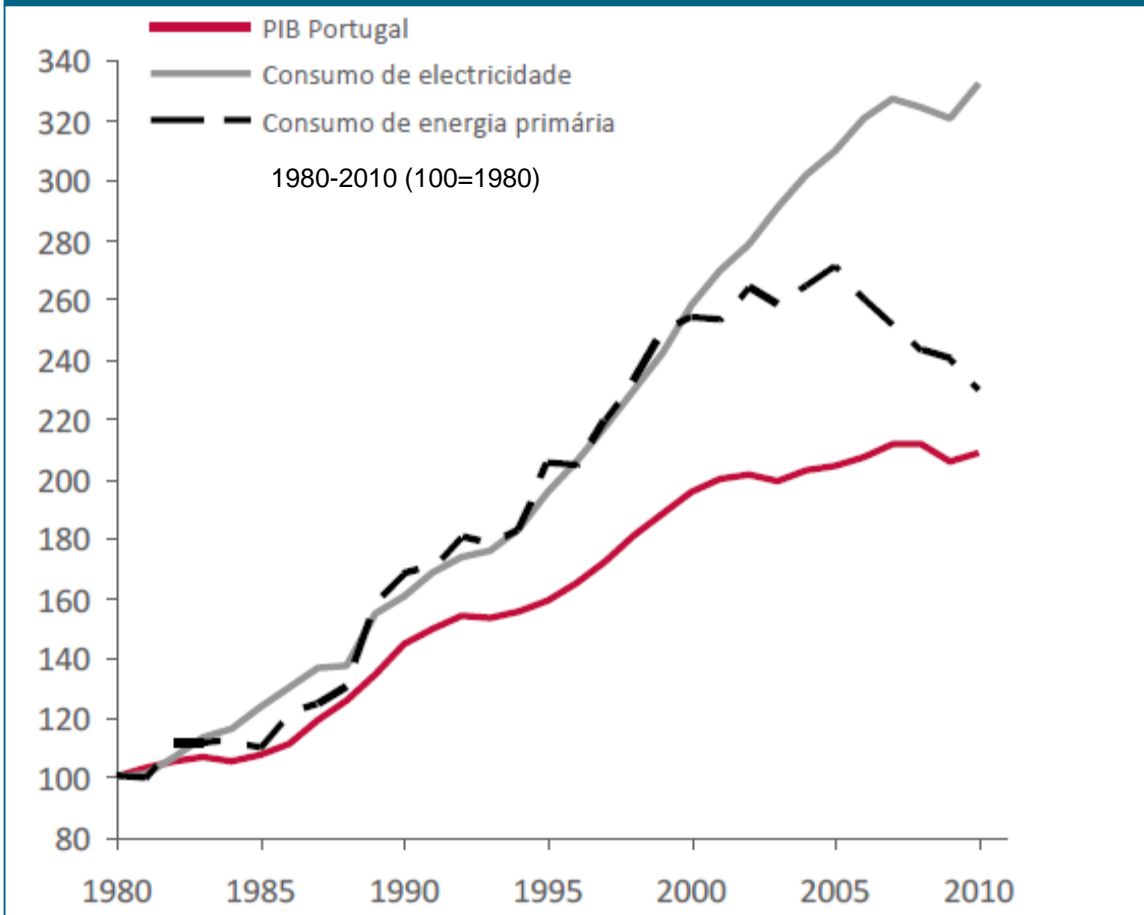


50% of the world's population consume **75%** of the energy.

- The need of protection of critical infrastructure is increasing.
- The requirements concerning the security of life and property are constantly increasing.
- The consumption of energy and the CO₂-emissions have to be reduced dramatically.
- Comfortable working and living conditions are increasingly required.

Portuguese Energy Characterization

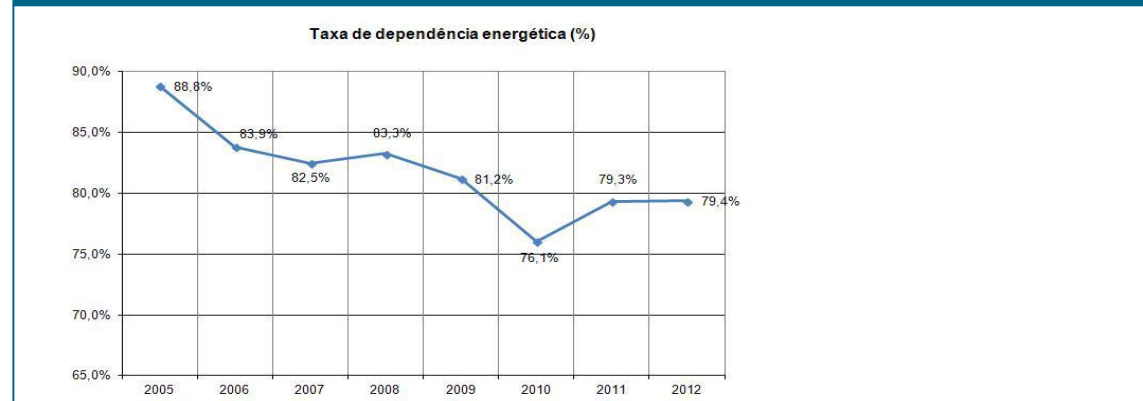
The Energy Consumption and GDP Evolution



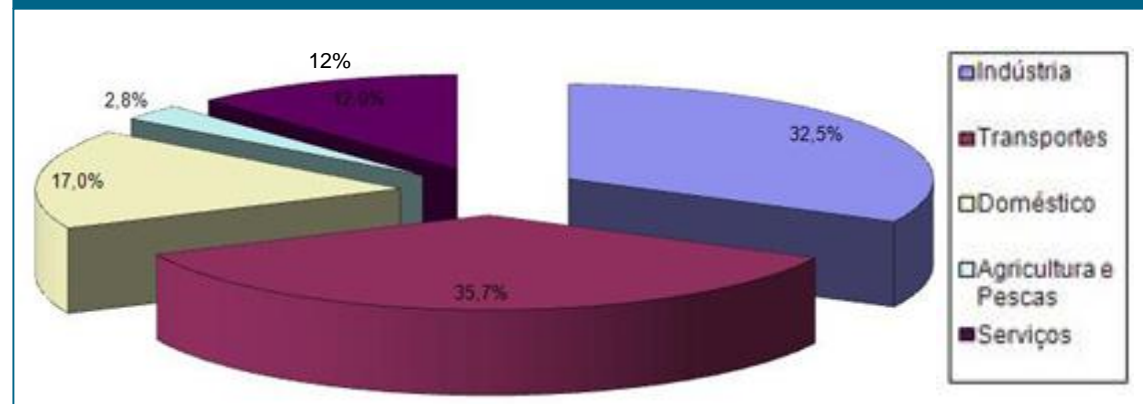
Fonte: International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, April 2012; The World Bank - World Development Indicators & Global Development Finance, DGEG

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Energy Dependency



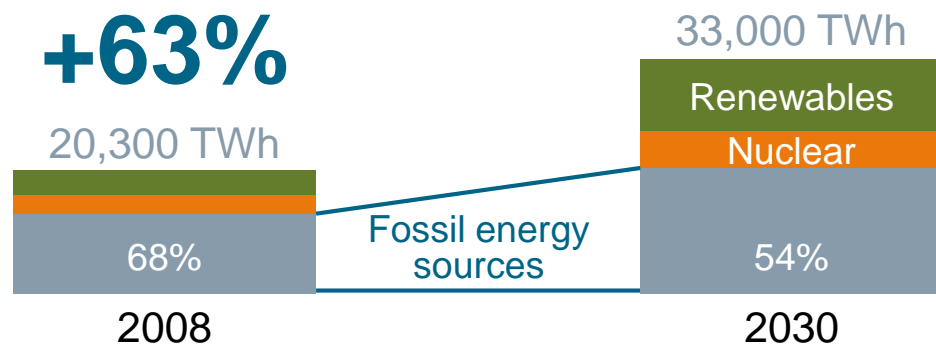
Final Energy Consumption by Sector 2012 (%)



Fonte: DGEG, "Caraterização Energética Nacional 2012", 2014

Future energy challenges

Growing demand



High share of renewable energy

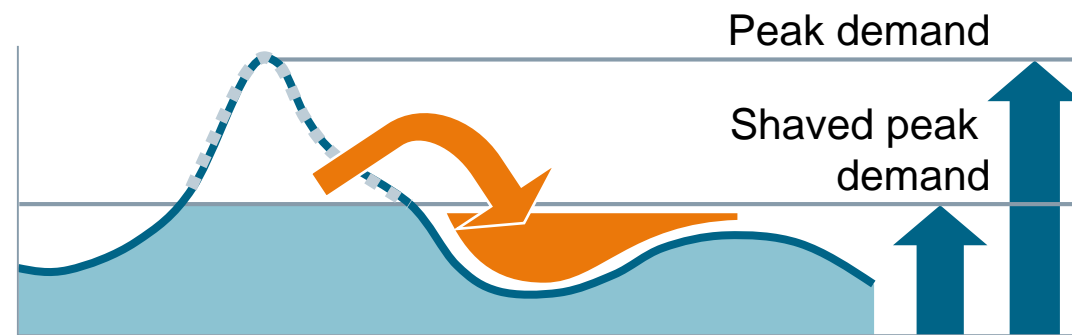
20% 2020
EU-Directive for renewable energy

- Hydro
- Wind
- Solar
- Geothermal
- Biomass

Decentralized energy production

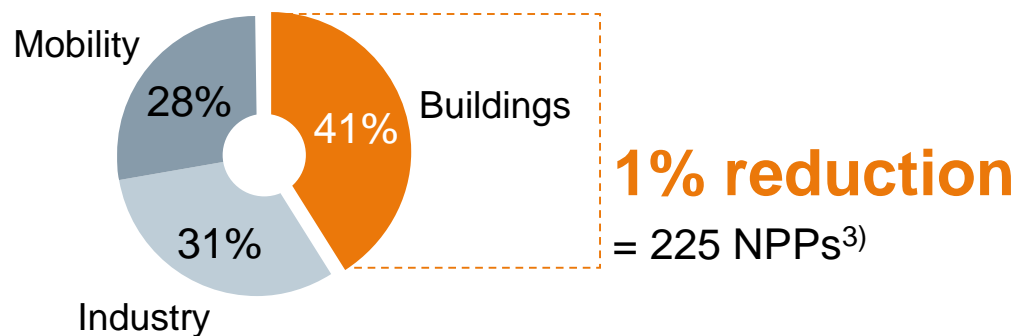


Stochastic energy flow

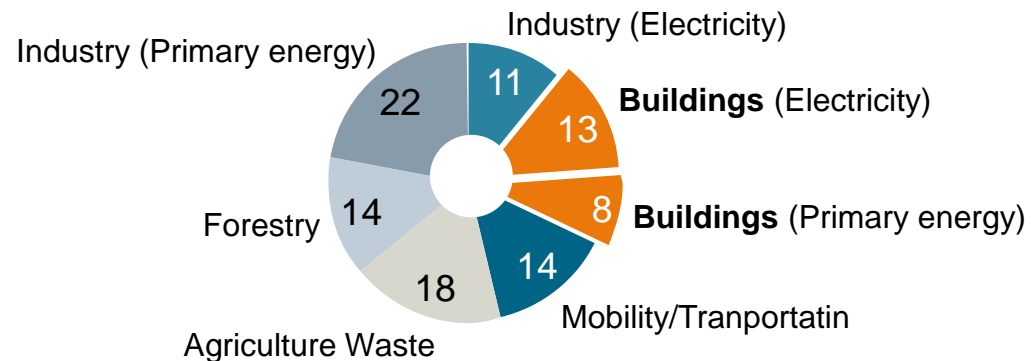


Buildings: Energy challenge and untapped energy savings potential

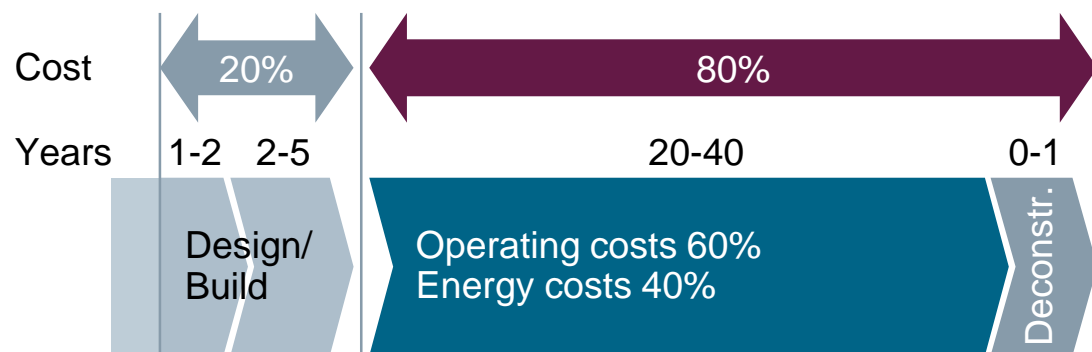
41% of world wide energy consumption¹⁾



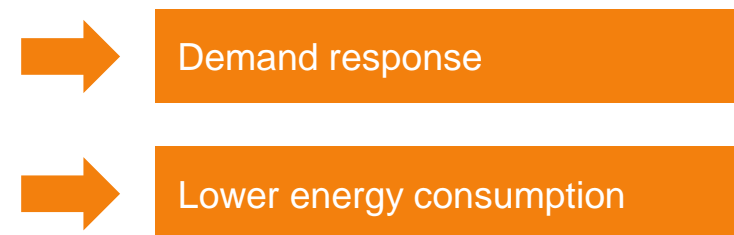
21% of the global green house gas emissions³⁾



Energy accounts for 40% of the building operation cost²⁾



Smart Buildings are highly energy efficient



1) International Energy Association, auf weltweiter Basis, im Jahr 2002

2) Dena Congress, Berlin, 2008

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3) Based on predicted energy demand of 33'000 TWh (2030) and average NNP output of 6TWh

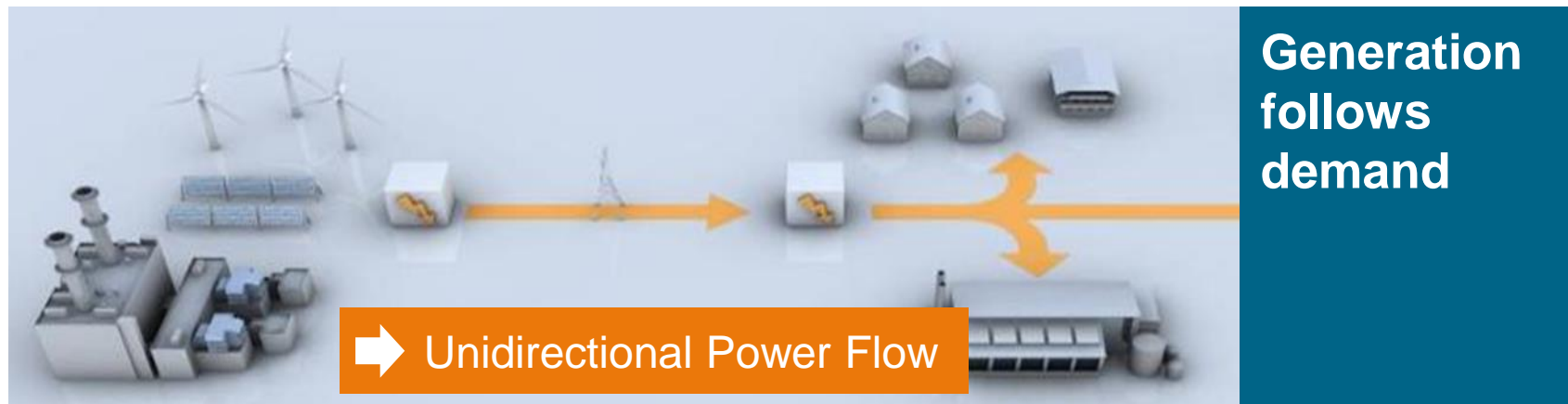
Table of content



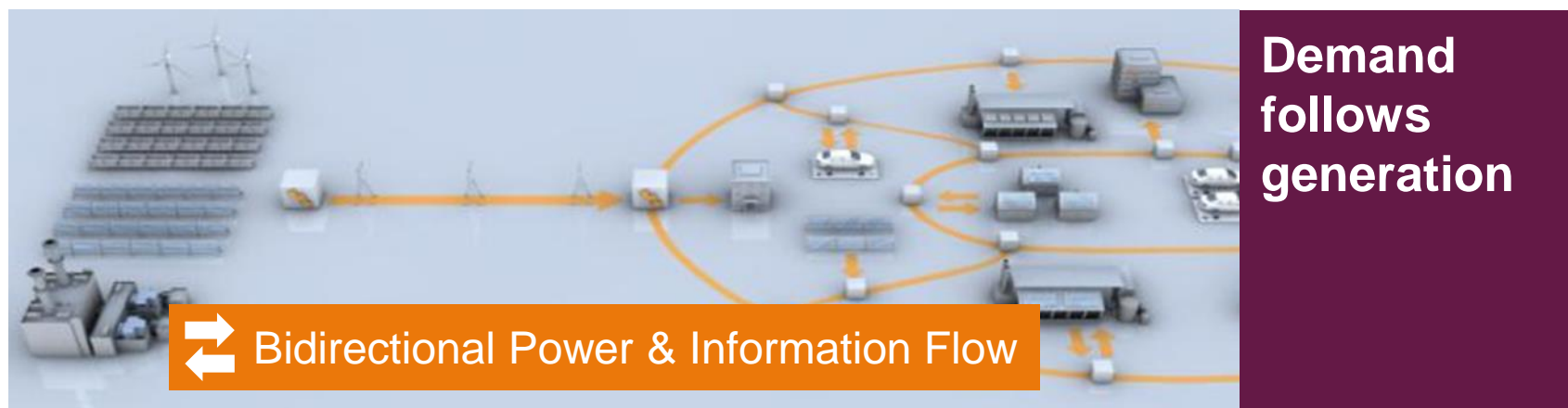
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Smart Grid with Smart Buildings are the solution to mitigate future energy challenges

Role of buildings



- Consumer



- Demand response
- Co-generation
- Storage
- Intelligent consumption

Table of content



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Grid and building have entered the development phase of becoming "smart"

Evolution of grid and building

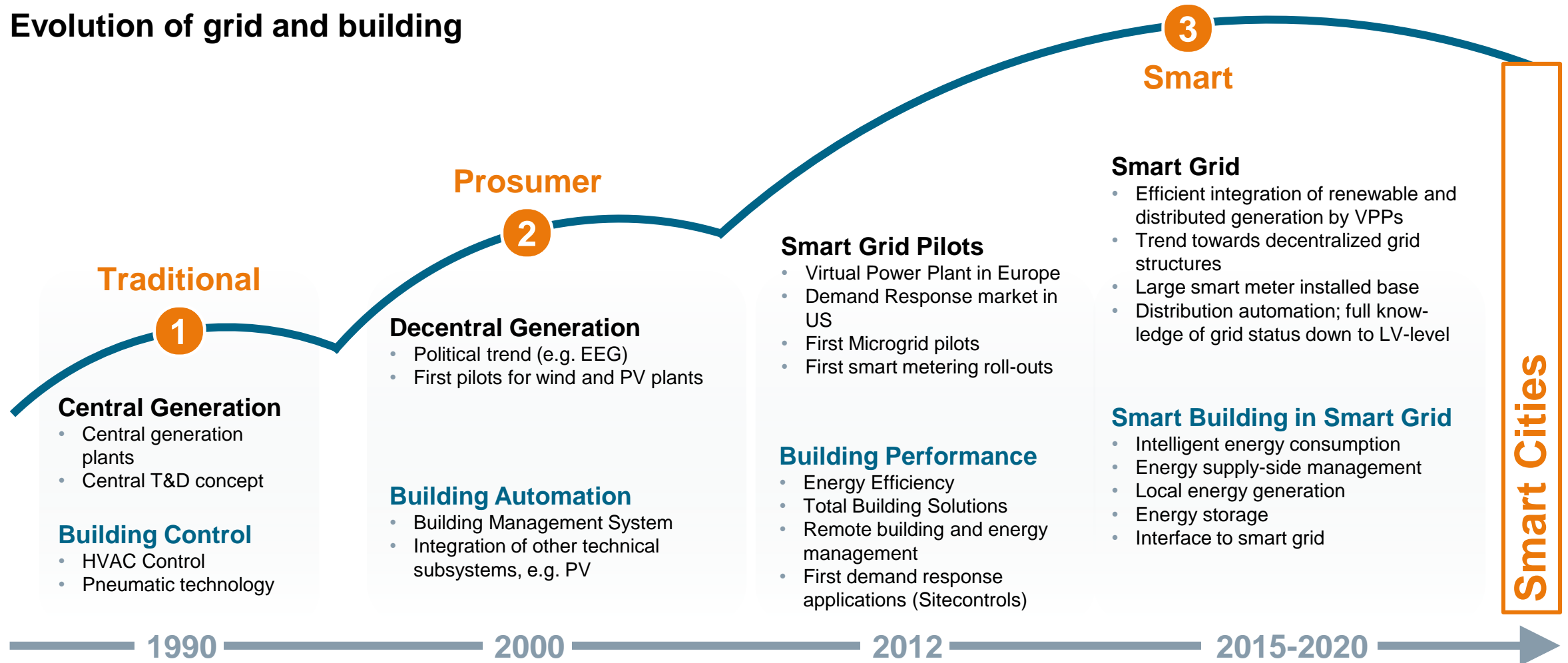
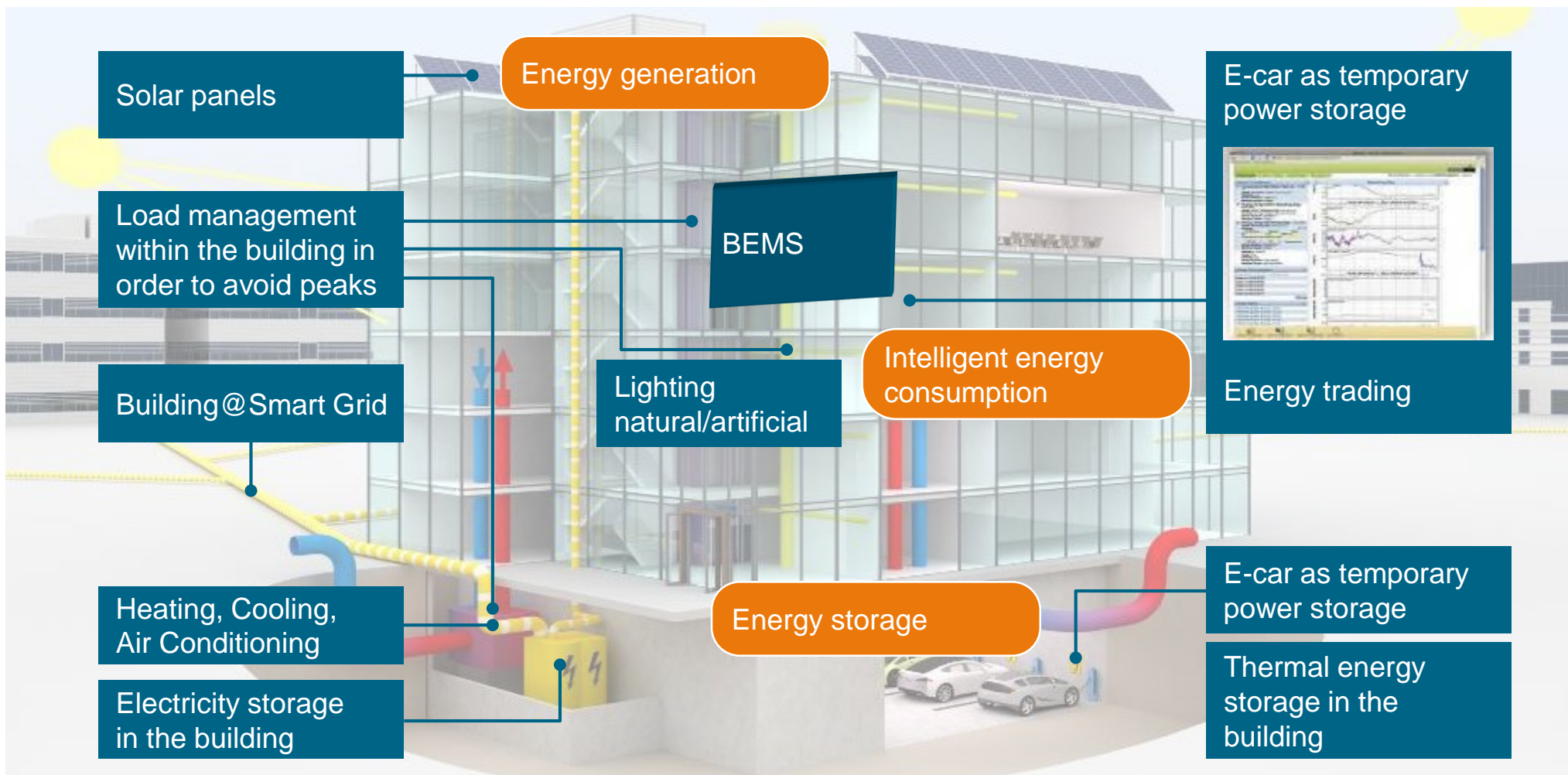


Table of content



- Overview: Siemens
- Future Energy Challenges
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Functions of Smart Buildings in Smart Grids



Source: BT BAU

BEMS: Building Energy Management System

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Value of a Smart Building in a Smart City

Peak load reduction

Load shifting

Co-generation/storage

Cost and CO₂ reduction

Optimized network planning

Energy consumption optimization

Integration of renewable energy

E-mobility charging



Building Efficiency

- Building management
- Monitoring, controlling and forecast, load management
- HVAC, Lighting
- Integration of solar, electrical/thermal storage
- Grid gateway

Table of content



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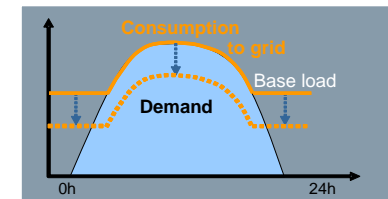
Smart Buildings manage optimally local consumption, generation and storage, by providing detailed monitoring

Building Energy Management System (BEMS)



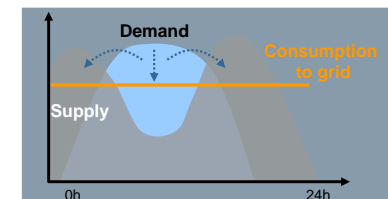
Shaping

Reduce consumption



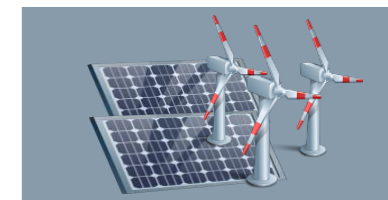
Shifting/Balancing

Shift consumption to low tariff to reduce peak load



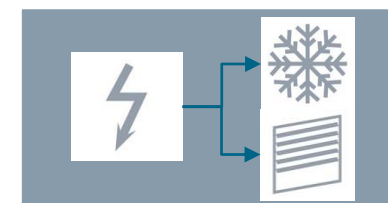
Co-Generation

Use CHP, PV or other Power Supply for Co-generation



Energy Portfolio Management

Replace one energy source by a more cost-competitive alternative



Smart Buildings manage optimally local consumption, generation and storage, by providing detailed monitoring



Smart Building

Energy Efficiency

Reduced energy consumption at highest comfort, improved sustainability

Smart Building

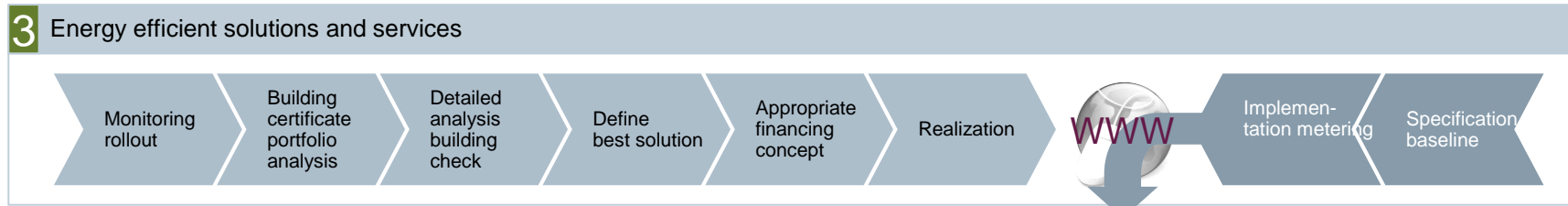
Total building solution including local generation, local storage, power management & e-mobility

Monitoring, Controlling and Forecast

Detailed monitoring and forecast about building's processes

Application examples

- Heat generation with heat pump
- Air distribution
- Temperature control with blinds
- Brightness control with lighting
- Communication with smart grid
- Energy generation and storage
- Optimal management of generation, consumption and storage, incl. e-mobility
- Interpretation of monitored data
- Forecast for consumption, generation, storage
- Building transparency



Building Life Cycle Management

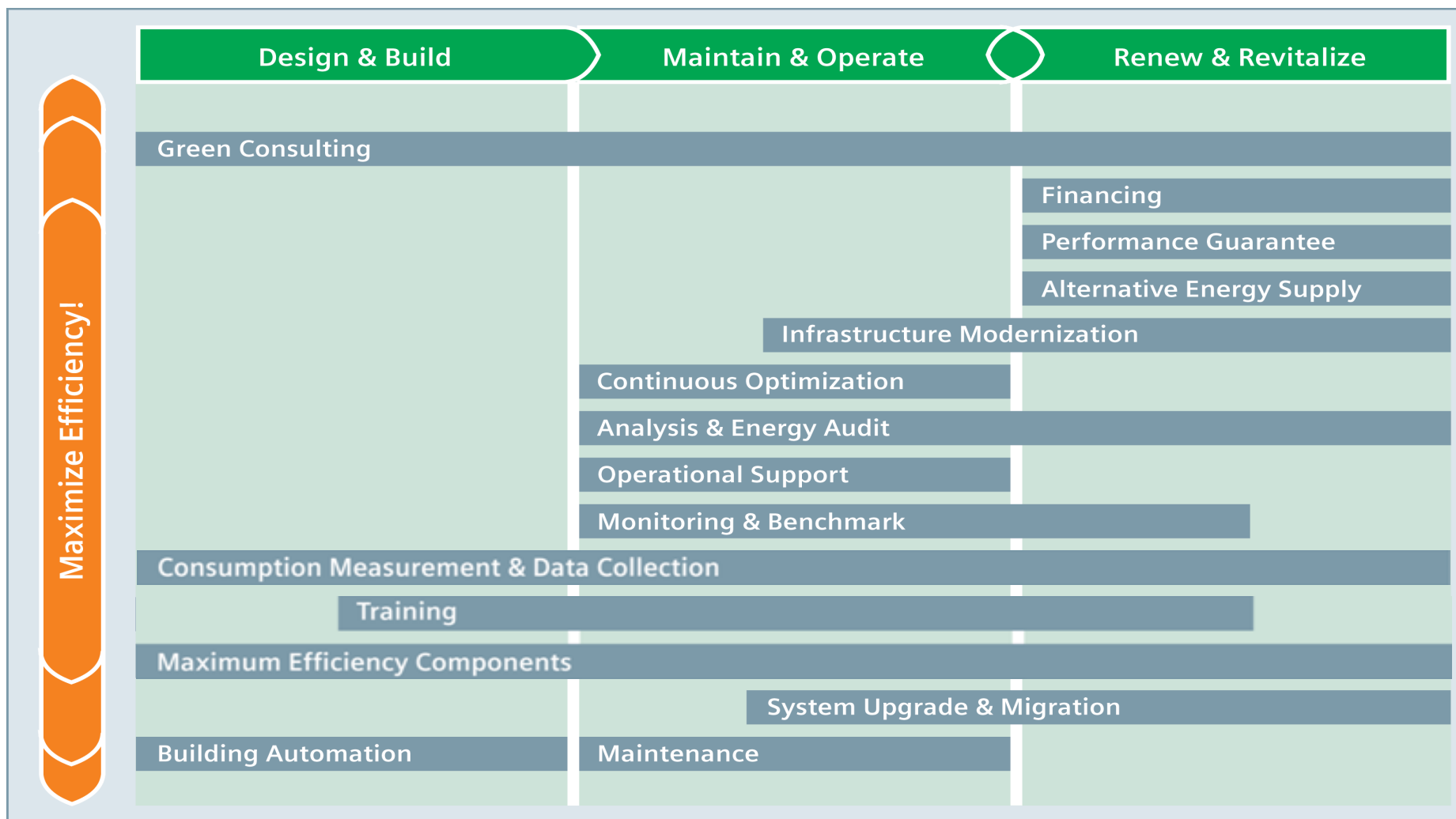


Table of content



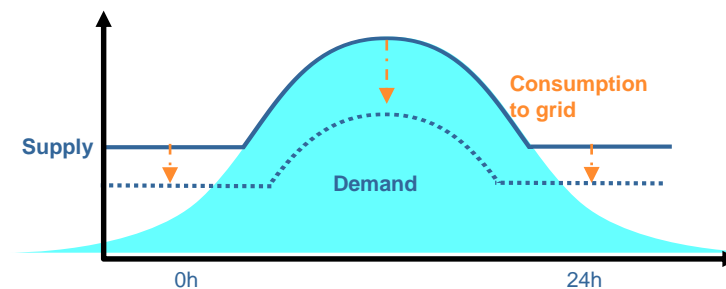
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Smart Buildings in Smart Grids are driven by:

Reduced KWh consumed

Savings of **20% to 40%** yet achieved

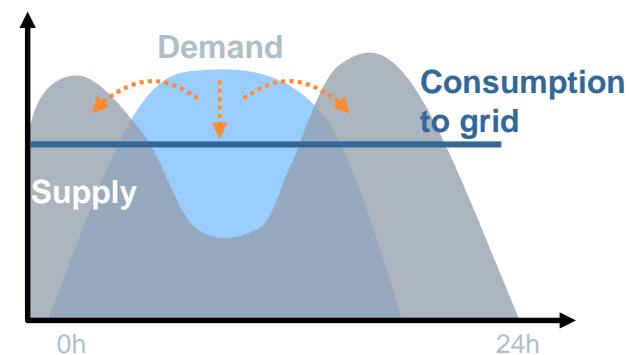
Reduce demand and peak load



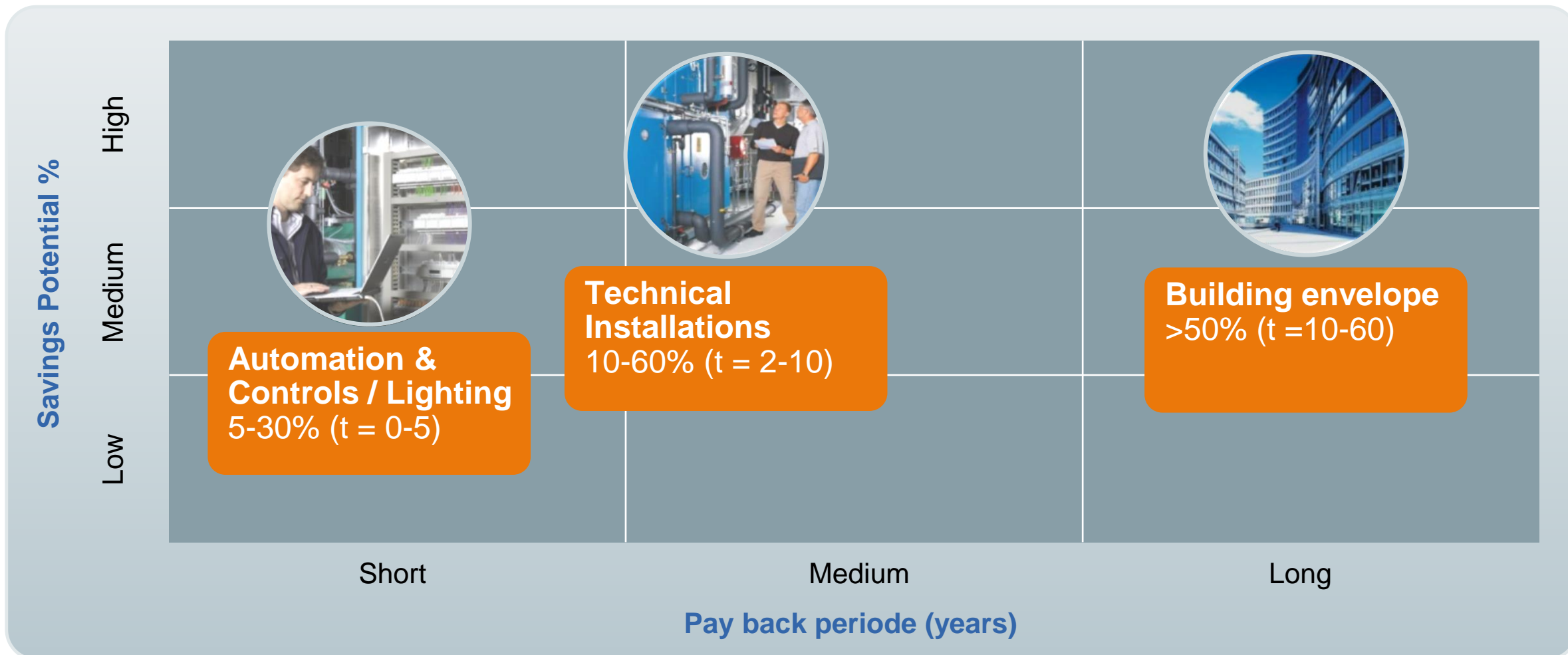
Balancing the grid to:

Savings of **10 % to 20 %** energy costs possible

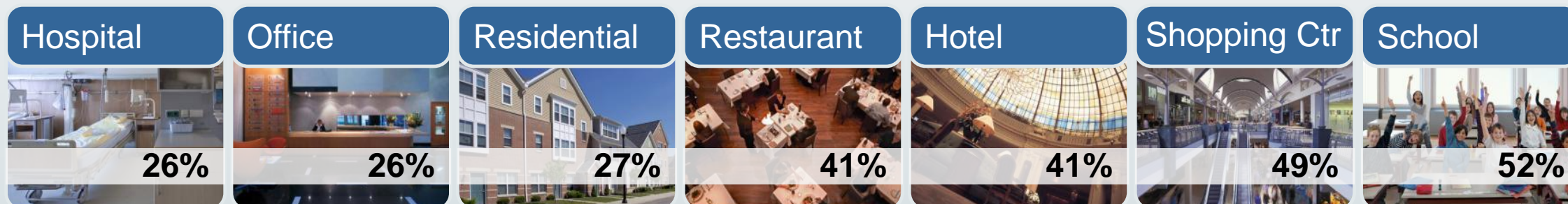
Shed, shape and shift demand



Investment in sustainability and ROI are closely connected



Smart investments in efficiency achieve numerous financial, environmental, and efficiency benefits



Energy savings are possible, in every building – in every business 20% to 40% is realistic!

Value of efficient buildings

- Green Buildings are 0-5% more expensive to build
- Energy efficiency ~25% - 35% vs. traditional construction
- ROI for building owners can be significant

Financial benefits

- Overall, 6% higher rental rates
- 16% higher selling price
- Higher occupancy

Table of content



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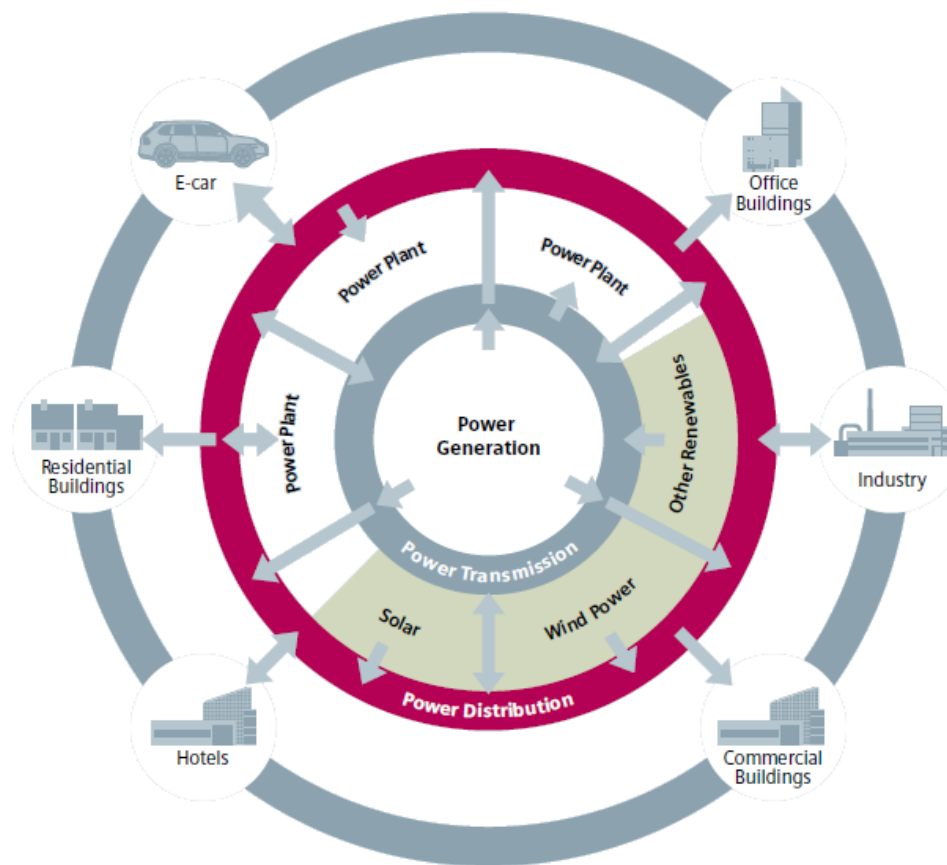
With Smart Buildings in Smart Grids towards Smart Cities

Smart Building



Smart Buildings communicate and integrate with the Smart Grid

Smart Grid

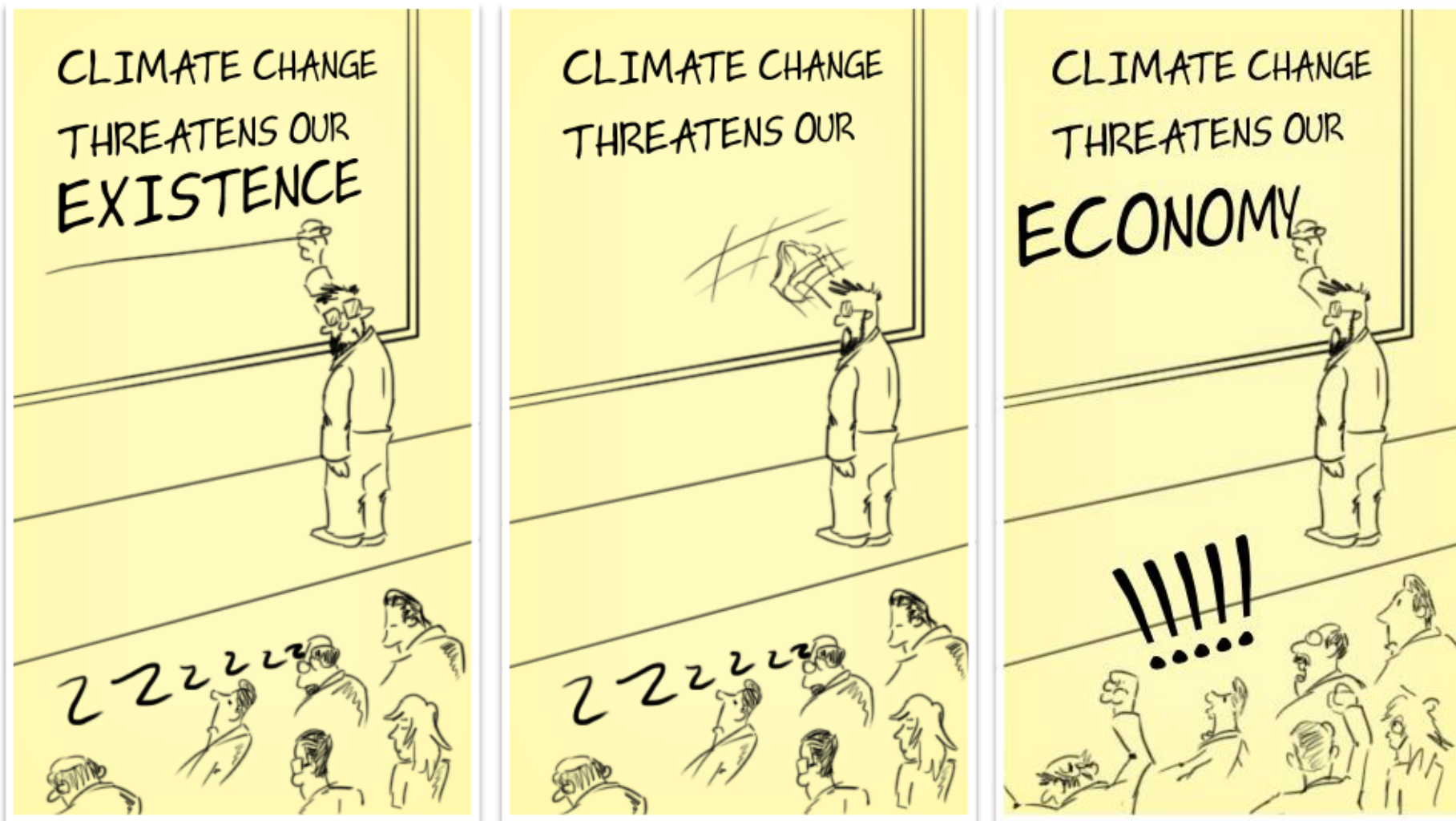


Smart Cities



Together with the Smart Grid, Smart Buildings form the basis for a Smart City

The Environmental Conscience and Economic Development



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How Smart Buildings in Smart Grids will boost the competitiveness of smart cities

Economical Aspects

- Cost reduction through energy and operational efficiency
- Increase of building's value
- Attractiveness for companies
- Avoidance of costly grid infrastructure investments

Social Aspects

- Positive image
- Increased productivity
- Security/healthy life conditions
- Attract highly qualified workforce

Environmental Aspects

- Optimized use of resources
- Efficient use of renewable energies
- Reduction of green house gases
- Foundation for sustainable e-mobility

Open boundaries/ challenges

- Regulatory & Legislative framework
- Sufficient potential in energy markets for marketing flexibility
- Load flexibility potential of commercial buildings
- Time and load dependent pricing spread
- Customers complexity
- Standardization and protocols
- IT security

What is the Questions ?

Something that is **universally accepted**
as the discussions on energy ...



**... energy efficiency is
the most cost effective
choice in economic,
environmental
perspective and risk
reduction**

Contact page



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Thank you for your attention!

Questions and answers